Named Entity Recognition

Waleed butt

wb17@mars.uni-freiburg.de

Efficient Natural Language Processing Prof. Hannah Bast

Chair of Algorithms and Data Structures

Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg



Outline



- Introduction & Background
- Problem Definition
- Named Entity Recognition
- Recognizer tools & General Architecture
- Performance & Profiling
- Conclusion



- Entity Detection
 - Input: Smith is as good as his father at work.
 - 2.5Million Smiths, only in USA



- Entity Recognition
 - Input: "Dennis Ritchie was best known as the creator of the C programming language...."
 - Output:
 - PERSON http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dennis_Ritchie
 - •

Definition:

- "NER is the process of finding mentions of specified things in running text."
- Three universally accepted categories:
 - Person
 - e.g: Smith, John, Bob, Dennis
 - Organization
 - e.g: Google Inc, Microsoft Corporation, European Union
 - Location.
 - e.g Berlin, Europe, NYC

Example



Andrew Johnson was appointed as president of ACME, the biggest company in Santa Barbara, California.

[PER Andrew Johnson] was appointed as president of [ORG ACME], the biggest company in [LOC Santa Barbara], [LOC California].

Application Areas



- Information Extraction
- Component for other areas
 - Question Answering (QA)
 - Summarization
 - Automatic translation
 - Document indexing
 - Text data mining
- Genetics & Biomedical Sciences
- Speech processing

NE Category Hierarchies

- FREIBURG
- Universilly Accepted: Person, Organization, Location
- But also:
 - Artifact, Facility, Geopolitical entity, Vehicle, Weapon, etc.
- SEKINE (2011)
 - 200 types
 - Domain-dependent
- BNN (2002)
 - 29 types
- Examples:
 - Person: Bush, Michael Jackson, Elizabeth II, LeBron
 - God : Zeus, Indra, Danu, Ra
 - Organization--> Sports_Organization: The Breen Gym,
 UCLA Bruins, Ma family army, Shinagawa Jogging Club

- Many of these grey area are caused by metonymy.
 - Washington or United states government.
- Organization vs Location
 - "England won the World Cup" vs.
 - "The World Cup took place in England".
- Location vs. Organization
 - "she met him at Heathrow" vs.
 - "the Heathrow authorities"

- MUC6 (1995)
 - Extraction of **Named Entities**
 - names of persons, organizations, locations
 - temporal expressions, currency and percentages
 - Tags
 - ENAMEX ("entity name expression") tag
 - people, organization and locations
 - NUMEX ("numeric expression") tag
 - currency and percentages
 - TIMEX ("time expression") tag
 - temporal expressions dates and times

NER is not ...

UN FRE BURG

- Event recognition.
- Just matching text strings with pre-defined lists of names.
- It does not create templates, nor entity linking.

Named Entity Recognition Approaches

- List Lookup Approach
- Shallow Parsing Approach





- System that recognises only entities stored in its lists. (gazetteers)
- Advantages Simple, fast, language independent, easy to re-target
- Disadvantages collection and maintenance of lists, cannot deal with name variants, cannot resolve ambiguity



Internal evidence – names often have internal structure. These components can be either stored or guessed.

Location

- CapWord + {City, Forest, Center}
 - e.g. Sherwood Forest
- Cap Word + {Street, Boulevard, Avenue, Road}
 - e.g. Lombard Street



External evidence - names are often used in very predictive local contexts

Location

- "to the" COMPASS "of" CapWord
 - e.g. to the south of Freiburg
- "based in" CapWord
 - e.g. based in Freiburg
- CapWord "is a" (ADJ)? GeoWord
 - e.g. Freiburg is a nature friendly city

- Ambiguously capitalised words (first word in sentence)
 - [All American Bank] vs. All [State Police]
- Semantic ambiguity
 - "John F. Kennedy" = airport (location)
 - "Alexander Bürkle" = organization
- Structural ambiguity
 - [Cable and Wireless] vs. [Microsoft] and [Dell]
 - [Center for Computational Linguistics] vs. message from [City Hospital] for [John Smith].



- Handcrafted systems
 - Knowledge (rule) based
 - Patterns
 - Gazetteers
- Automatic systems
 - Statistical
 - Machine learning
 - Unsupervised
 - Analyze: char type, POS, lexical info, dictionaries
- Hybrid systems

Named Entity Recognizer Softwares

- Stanford Named Entity Recognizer
- Illinois Named Entity Tagger
- Lingpipe Named Entity Recognizer





- Working Group:
 - "The Stanford Natural Language Processing Group"
- Source code & License
 - Java + Open source (GNU GPL v2)
- Implementation
 - of linear chain CRF
- Conference
 - CoNLL03 (Person, Organization, Location).
- Feature Extraction
 - Features are more important than model

Stanford NER: Features



- Word features:
 - current word, previous word, next word, all words within a window
- Orthographic features:
 - Jenny → Xxxx
 - IL-2 \rightarrow XX-#
- Prefixes and Suffixes:
 - Jenny → <J, <Je, <Jen, ..., nny>, ny>, y>
- Lots of feature conjunctions

Stanford NER: Distributed Models



- Trained on CoNLL, MUC and ACE
- Entities: Person, Location, Organization
- Trained on both British and American newswire, so robust across both domains
- Models with and without the distributional similarity features

Demo!

07.12.11 Named Entity Recognition 20

Illinois Named Entity Tagger



- Java + Open source
- 90.8 F1 on CoNLL03
- External Knowledge: Wikipedia & Gazetteer list
- Non-local features
- Word Class model

Inference & Chunk Representation

- BIO: **B**eginning **I**nside and **O**utside
- BILOU: **B**eginning, the Inside and the Last tokens of multi-token chunks as well as **U**nit-length chunks

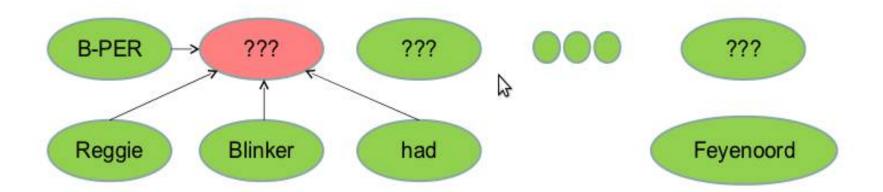
Rep.	CoN	LL03	MUC7	
Scheme	Test	Dev	Dev	Test
BIO	89.15	93.61	86.76	85.15
BILOU	90.57	93.28	88.09	85.62

	BIO	BILOU
retain	0	О
the	0	О
Golan	B- loc	B-loc
Heights	I-loc	L-loc
Israel	B- loc	U-loc
captured	0	О
from	0	О
Syria	B- loc	U-loc
n		22

07.12.11

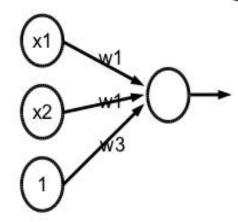
Named Entity Recognitio

Modeling NER.



Use Preceptron to assign label to "Blinker" with thee following features:

- · Prediction for prev word is: B-Per
- · Prev word is "Reggie"
- Prev word is capitilized
- Current word is "Blinker"
- · Current word is capitilized
- · Next word is "had"
- ...



List of baseline features



- Tokens in the window C=[-2,+2]
- Capitalization of tokens in C.
- Previous 2 predictions
- Conjunction of previous prediction and C.
- Normalized digits (22/12/2009 ---> *DD*/*DD*/*DDDD*)
- Overall around 15 active features.

Why non-local feature?



SOCCER - BLINKER BAN LIFTED .

LONDON 1996-12-06 Dutch] forward Reggie Blinker had his indefinite suspension lifted by FIFA on Friday and was set to make his Sheffield Wednesday comeback against Liverpool on Saturday. Blinker missed his club's last two games after FIFA slapped a worldwide ban on him for appearing to sign contracts for both Wednesday and ORG Udinese while he was playing for Feyenoord.

Why non-local feature?



SOCCER - [PER BLINKER] BAN LIFTED.

[LOC LONDON] 1996-12-06 [MISC Dutch] forward [PER Reggie Blinker] had his indefinite suspension lifted by [ORG FIFA] on Friday and was set to make his [ORG Sheffield Wednesday] comeback against [ORG Liverpool] on Saturday. [PER Blinker] missed his club's last two games after [ORG FIFA] slapped a worldwide ban on him for appearing to sign contracts for both [ORG Wednesday] and [ORG Udinese] while he was playing for [ORG Feyenoord].

- Unlabeled Text
 - Word class model

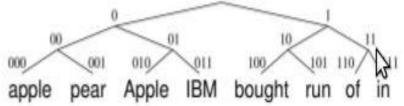


Figure 2: An extract from word cluster hierarchy.

- Gazetteers
 - 16 gazetteers, 1.5M entities from Wikipedia
 - Overall 30 gazetteers in Illinois Named Entity Tagger.

_

Demo!

LingPipe Named Entity Recognition

UNI FREIBURG

- Commercial product (free version available)
- Java Based
- Works well for different domains. Bio, Gen & Newswire
- Regex Support
- Demo

Performance & Profiling



- Speed vs Accuracy
- Benchmark
 - CoNLL03 Shared task for NER
 - Reuters Corpora
 - TRC2: comprises 1,800,370 news stories covering the period from 2008-01-01 to 2009-02-28
 - MUC7 Named Entity task
- Sample File

Results: Speeds Words per Sec

Input Size	Stanford	Illinois	Lingpipe
Under 100 words	626	~ 2	~50
3.3K words	1279	48	1070
37k words	1643	355	2466
3.5Mi words	Heap error		

^{*} All speeds are in words per second



- Stanford NER
 - Memory consumtion is biggest problem.
- Illinois Name Entity Tagger
 - Prepocessing and Gazeeter startup took huge amount of time.
 - Fast version(configuration) is available, but with less accuracy
- Lingpipe
 - Comerical version is faster and accurate.

Accuracy in term F1



- Illinois Named Entity Tagger
 - F1 90.8 (so best report on CoNLL03 share task)
- Stanford Entity Recognizer
 - F1 86.86 (CoNLL03)

Conclusion



- Named Entities are important in text!
- Non-local features improve the efficiency of NER.
- External Knowldge provide extra aid.
- Important sub components to other part of NLP and Information extraction.

References

- Jenny Rose Finkel, Trond Grenager, and Christopher Manning. 2005. Incorporating Non-local Information into Information Extraction Systems by Gibbs Sampling. Proceedings of the 43nd Annual Meeting of for Computational Association Linguistics (ACL 2005), pp. 363-370 http://nlp.stanford.edu/~manning/papers/gibbscrf3.pdf
- Extended Named Entity Ontology with Attribute Information, Satoshi Sekine ,The Sixth International Conference on Language Resources and Evaluation; 2008; Marrakech, Morocco
- A survey of named entity recognition and classification, David Nadeau, Satoshi Sekine, Journal of Linguisticae Investigationes 30:1; 2007
- Extended Named Entity Hierarchy, Satoshi Sekine, Kiyoshi Sudo and Chikashi Nobata, The Third
 O7.12.1 International Conference on Language

- L. Ratinov and D. Roth, Design Challenges and Misconceptions in Named Entity Recognition, CoNLL 2009
- Reuters Corpora (RCV1, RCV2, TRC2), http://trec.nist.gov/data/reuters/reuters.html



Thanks

&

Questions?